

Comparative study on production of some imported potato cultivars under different fertilization levels in sandy soils

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SUMMARY AN This study included two experiments which were carried out in each of the summer and winter seasons of 1996 and 1997 at the Chopsy Company Farm in S area, Ismaalia governorate and Laboratory of Horticulture Department at the Faculty of Agriculture, Mohotvor, Zagazig University.

CONCLUSION EXPERIMENT: The first experiment was suggested as an attempt to investigate the effect of three levels of N, P and K fertilizers within seven introduced potato cultivars as well as their combination on vegetative growth, yield and its components, chemical composition of both plant and tuber and suitability for processing after harvesting and after 3 months storage. The rates of nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium (NPK) fertilizers were as follows: 1- (10 kg N + 60 kg P₂O₅ + 100 kg K₂O / fed.) 2- (15 kg N + 75 kg P₂O₅ + 150 kg K₂O / fed.) 3- (20 kg N + 90 kg P₂O₅ + 200 kg K₂O / fed.)

Urea (46.5 % N) and ammonium nitrate (33.5 % N), phosphorus as calcium superphosphate (15.5% P₂O₅) and potassium was added in the form of potassium sulfate (48-52 % K₂O). The phosphorus fertilizer was added as one bush to the soil before planting, Meanwhile, nitrogen and potassium fertilizer were added in different portions, 50% was added as soil application in two equal portions (before planting, and before ridging) and other parts were applied with irrigation water throughout the growing seasons in equal portions starting 21 days up to 60 days after planting. The studied cultivars of potato were seven. i.e., Lady Rosetta, Accent, Karlana, Sponta, Mirakel, Turbo and Accord in the summer and winter seasons of 1996, seven cultivars in the summer and winter seasons of 1997 were tested but they were Lady Rosetta, Saturna, Lena, Cycloon, Mirakel, Turbo and Accord. Split plots in randomized complete blocks design with four replicates was used. The cultivars were distributed in the main plots whereas the fertilization levels were randomly situated in the sub plots. The obtained results can be summarized as follows:

1- Plant vegetative growth: Significant differences were observed among cultivars in vegetative growth characteristics viz plant height, number of branches and fresh and dry weights per plant. In this respect, Sponta, Cycloon, Karlana, Turbo and Saturna. In combination with the third level of NPK (200 kg N + 90 kg P₂O₅ + 200 kg K₂O / fed.) surpassed other used combinations.

2- Chemical composition of plant foliage: The cvs. Saturna, Accent, Mirakel, Turbo, Cycloon and Accord in combination with the third level of NPK fertilizer showed the highest values of N, P, K and total hydrates percentage than other combinations.

3- Yield and its components: Under the cvs. Lady Rosetta, Saturna and Turbo in combination with the second and third tested level of NPK fertilizers gave higher number of tubers per plant. While, cvs. Sponta and Cycloon in combination with the second level of NPK fertilizer gave higher average of tuber weight than other combinations. The cvs. Lady Rosetta, Saturna, Karlana and Sponta in combination with the third used level of NPK gave higher tuber weight per plant compared with other treatments. Moreover, cvs. Lady Rosetta, Saturna and Karlana in combination with the third applied level of NPK fertilizer, cv. Sponta with the second one and cv. Mirakel with the first one showed higher tuber yield per feddan than all other cultivars in the different used combinations.

Concerning the marketable yield per fed. the cvs. Lady Rosetta, Saturna and Karlana with the third level of NPK and cv. Sponta with the second one resulted in the highest values of marketable yield per fed., while cvs. Mirakel and Turbo with first level of NPK or cvs. Cycloon and Turbo with the used

one showed lower unmarketable yield percentage. 4-S, effect of tubers: The cv. Mirak in combination with the first tested level of NPK fertilizer and cvs. Sponta and Cycloon in combination with the second and third applied levels of NPK fertilizer showed higher uses of Large size tubers (> 55mm.) yield and percentage. However, cvs. Lady Rosetta, Saturna, Karlana and Accord in combination with the third tested level of NPK gave higher yield and percentage of medium tubers (35-55mm.). Meanwhile cv. Lady Rosetta with the first level of NPK and both cvs. Saturna and Turbo in combination with < 35mm.) the third level of NPK fertilizer showed the highest values of small size tubers and its percentage. 5- Chemical composition of tubers before storage: The cvs. Sponta and Turbo in combination with the third applied level of NPK fertilizer showed higher values of (N, P, K, NO₃ and protein), while, cvs. Accent and Turbo in combination with the third used level of NPK fertilizer gave a higher value of total amino acids content. Moreover, both cvs. 1 Accord and Mirakel with the same level of NPK fertilizers showed the highest values in reducing, non-reducing and total sugars content of potato tubers. However, vs. Lady Rosetta, Saturna and Karlana showed the lowest values in sugars content, that make it the most suitable for processing purpose. The cvs. Lady Rosetta, Saturna and Karlana showed higher values of cooking quality characters (dry matter, colour, Taste and crispy) than other used cultivars. after storage: The cvs. Sponta and the third applied level of NPK showed higher values of N and protein content of tuber. The cvs. Lady Rosetta and Turbo in combination with the third level of K showed higher values of P, K and NO₃, while, cvs. Accent and Mirakel with the same level of NPK fertilizer showed and Saturna in combination with bed system, and cv. Sponta in combination with ridging system all spaced at 30cm. showed higher significant values than other cultivars. 2- Yield and its components: Both cvs. Mirakel and Saturna in combination with ridging system or cvs. Accent and Saturna in combination with bed system and all spaced at 30cm showed higher values of number of tubers per plant. Moreover, cvs. Sponta planted either on ridge or on bed system and Cycloon in bed system and all of them were spaced at 30cm showed higher values of average tuber weight. Respecting tubers yield per plant, cvs. Sponta and Cycloon in combination with ridging system and spacing at 30cm gave the highest tuber weight per plant. Concerning total yield per feddan, CV, Sponta in combination with ridging method and spacing at 20 or 30cm, cv. Accent planted in ridging system and spaced at 20cm and both cvs. Saturna and Karlana in combination with bed system and spacing at 20cm showed the highest values of total yield per feddan than other used combinations. Regarding marketable yield, cvs. Accent and Sponta in combination with ridging system and spaced at 20 or 30cm apart and cv. Saturna in combination with bed system and spacing at 30cm gave the highest values of marketable yield per feddan. Meanwhile, cvs. 1 Karlana, Saturna, Sponta, Mirakel, Turbo and Accord in combination with ridging system and hill spacing at 30cm showed the lowest values of unmarketable yield percentage. 3- Tuber size: Both cvs. Sponta and Cycloon in combination with ridging or bed system and spaced at 30cm showed the highest values of Large size tubers percentage. While, cvs. Lady Rosetta in combination with ridging or bed system, Saturna with ridging and Karlana with bed system and all spaced at 20cm gave the highest values of medium size tuber percentage. Moreover, cvs. Accent, Karlana, Turbo, Saturna and Accord in combination with either bed or ridging system and spaced at 20cm gave higher values of small size tuber percentage. Generally, it may be concluded that planting the cvs. Lady Rosetta, Saturna and Karlana and supplied with the highest used level of K fertilizer (200kg N + 90kg P₂₀ + 200kg K₂₀ / feddan), cv. Sponta with the second tested level (150 kg N + 75 kg P₂₀ + 150 kg K₂₀ / feddan) and cv. Mirakel with the first one (150 kg N + 60 kg P₂₀ + 100 kg K₂₀ / feddan) may be recommended for the highest marketable and total yields per feddan and for good quality of potatoes for processing (chipsy). The cultivars Lady Rosetta, Saturna and Karlana which showed the lowest values in sugars content and high percentage dry matter content of tubers, are considered as the most suitable for processing specially that they showed a good storage ability for the cooking quality when stored in cold storage at 10°C for 90 days. It may be also concluded that planting cvs. Sponta and Accent in ridging system (90cm) and spacing at 20 or 30cm between plants and planting also cvs. Saturna and Karlana in bed system (180cm) and spacing at 20cm between plants; produced the highest marketable and total yield per feddan. For obtaining the highest percentage of large size tubers the cvs. Sponta and Cycloon when planted on ridging or bed system and at 30cm between plants are recommended. Moreover, for producing medium tubers cv. Lady Rosetta planted on ridging or bed system and spaced at 20cm cvs. Saturna and

Karlana with ridging system and spacing at 20cm between plants. Moreover, cvs. Accord,ena, Satuma when grown on beds or ridge and spaced at 20cm produced the highest values of percentage of small sized tubers which are recommended for using as seeds